



Knowledge grows



YaraVita[®] HYDROMAG[™]

A concentrated magnesium product formulated for foliar application
Guaranteed Analysis:

Nitrogen (N) (minimum)	4% w/w
Magnesium (Mg) (minimum)	20% w/w



YaraVita HYDROMAG applied on the left; grower standard program on the right

Crop Needs

Magnesium plays a central role in photosynthesis, as it is present in the centre of each chlorophyll molecule.

It is also involved in various key steps of sugar and protein production as well as the transport of sugars in the form of sucrose from the leaves to the tubers.

Severe magnesium deficiency can reduce yields by up to 15%. Regular use of magnesium on an annual basis has provided yield increases of 1 to 10% in trials.

Benefits

- Formulated for safe application at critical growth stages to satisfy crop requirements
- Widely tank mixable with other crop sprays. Visit www.tankmix.com for details or download TankmixIT app
- Proven, reliable performance. Tested on a wide range of crops around the world
- High quality, consistent product. Manufactured to ISO 9001 quality assurance standards.
- Easy to use flowable formulation. Pours easily and disperses quickly into the spray tank
- High nutrient content means lower application rates reducing handling time and packaging waste
- Designed for rapid uptake and long term feeding power so fewer applications are required.



CV-YaraVita-Hydromag-ECa-PDS-0401

Product Recommendations

Apples, Pears:

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) after petal fall. In cases of severe deficiency, apply also before flowering (around pink bud stage). On russet sensitive varieties delay application until 6 weeks after petal fall. Water rate: 200 to 1,000 l/ha (80 to 400 l/ac)

Brassicas:

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at 4 to 6 leaf stage. For moderate to severe deficiency repeat the application 10 to 14 days later. Water rate: 200 l/ha (80 l/ac).

Canola:

For a single application, 4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at onset of stem extension. For moderate deficiency, 4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at 4-6 leaf stage and 4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at onset of stem extension. An extra application can be made 10-14 days later for severe deficiency. Water rate: 200 l/ha (80 l/ac).

Cereals (Barley, Wheat, Oats):

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) from 2 leaf stage to first node detectable (Zadok's G.S. 12 to 31). For moderate to severe deficiency, repeat applications at 10-14 day intervals. Also, for milling quality wheats, up to 4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) from flag leaf ligule just visible to anthesis complete (Zadok's G.S. 39 to 69). Water rate: 200 l/ha (80 l/ac).

Cucurbits (Field Grown):

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) from 4 leaf stage. For moderate to severe deficiency repeat at 10 to 14 day intervals. Water rate: 200 l/ha (80 l/ac).

Maize (Corn):

4 l/ha (1.62 l/ac) at 4 to 6 leaf stage. Water rate: 200 l/ha (81 l/ac).

Peas:

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at 10 to 15 cm stage. For moderate to severe deficiency repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals. Water rate: 50 to 200 l/ha (20 to 80 l/ac).

Potatoes:

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) one week after 100% emergence. Also apply during tuber bulking following petiole analysis. For moderate to severe deficiency, repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals. Water rate: 75 to 200 l/ha (30 to 80 l/ac).

Soybeans:

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) when crop is 5 to 15 cm tall. For moderate to severe deficiency, repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals. Water rate: 200 l/ha (80 l/ac).

Stonefruit (Apricots, Cherries,

Peaches, 4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at fruit set. For moderate to severe deficiency, repeat applications at 10-14 day intervals. Water rate: 500 to 1,000 l/ha (200-400 l/ac).

Strawberry (Field Grown):

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at green bud. Water rate: 200 to 500 l/ha (80-200 l/ac).

Sugar Beet:

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at 4 to 6 leaf stage. For moderate to severe deficiency, repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals. Water rate: 200 l/ha (80 l/ac).

Tomatoes (Field Grown):

4 l/ha (1.6 l/ac) at 4 to 6 leaf stage. For moderate to severe deficiency, repeat applications at 10 to 14 day intervals. Water rate: 500 l/ha (200 l/ac).

Vines:

4 l/ha (1.62 l/ac) at flower buds visible, flower buds separated and fruit set. For grape stalk necrosis: 3 to 10 l/ha (1.21 - 4 l/ac) at pea sized berries, start of veraison and one month before harvest. Water rate: 200 to 500 l/ha (81-202 l/ac).